DOCUMENTED CHROMOSOME NUMBERS. 2003: 2. CHROMOSOME NUMBERS OF THE RARE TEXAS SPECIES, ARIDA BLEPHAROPHYLLA AND A. MATTTURNERI (ASTERACEAE: ASTEREAE)

A. Michael Powell

Biology Department Sul Ross State University Alpine, TX 79832, U.S.A.

Meiotic chromosome counts for the exceedingly rare Texas species, Arida blepharophylla (A. Gray) Morgan & Hartman and A. mattturneri B.L. Turner & Nesom (cf. description in this issue, p. 1418) are reported, both being diploid with 2n = 5 pairs. The two taxa were found growing together or near each other in 'Blumberg Canyon', ca. 2 mi NNW of Ruidosa, Presidio Co., Texas.

Vouchers for the collections: **Arida mattturneri**, Matt Turner 100 (NY, SRSC, TEX); **Arida blepharophylla**, B.L. Turner 23-91 (SRSC, TEX).

Arida blepharophylla (= Machaeranthera gypsitherma Nesom, Vorobik & Hartman) was also previously counted as diploid (2n = 5 pairs) from a population in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico (Nesom et al. 1990). Free hand drawings of the chromosomes, from buds collected on 28 Aug 2003 by B.L Turner, are illustrated in Fig. 1.

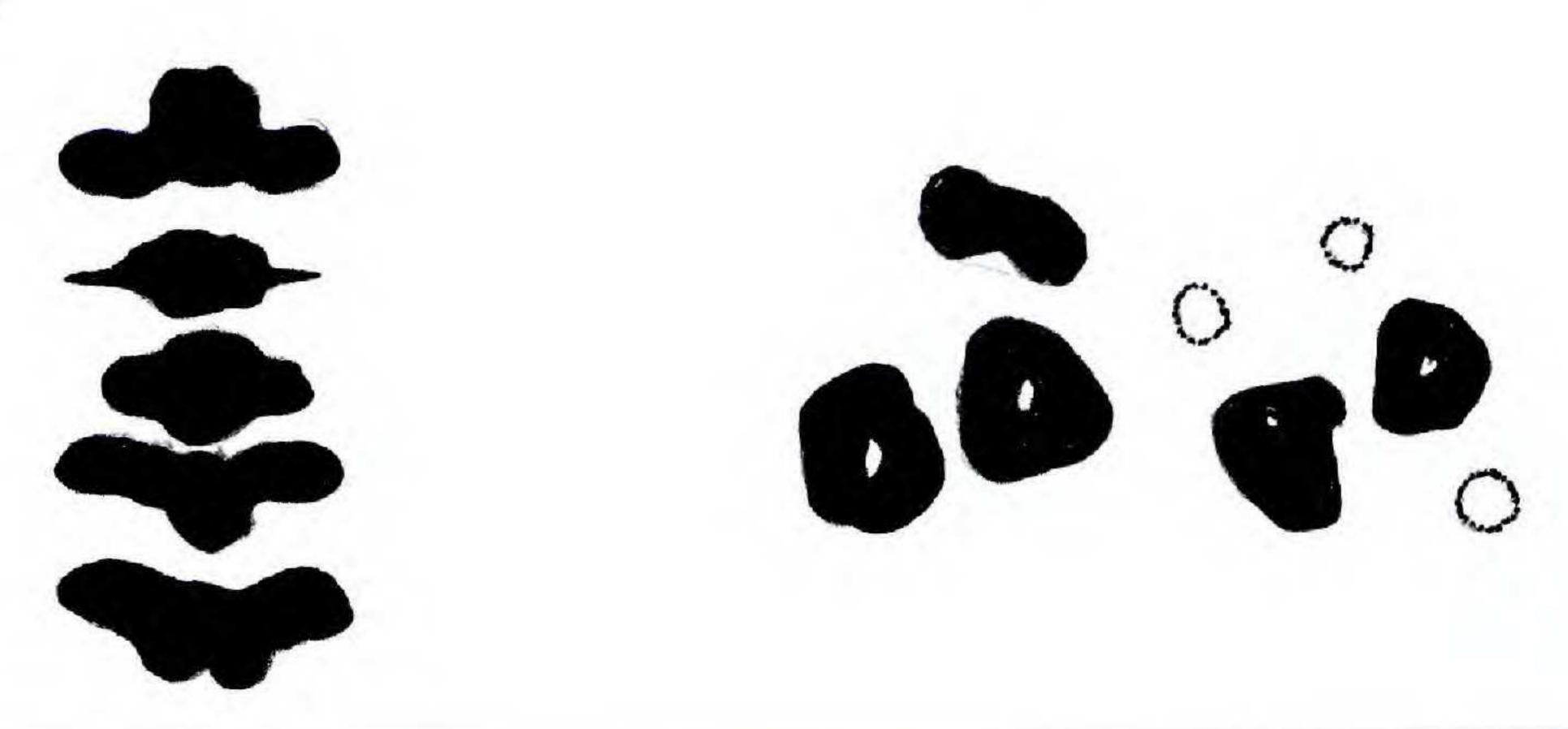


Fig 1. Meiotic chromosomes of *Arida mattturneri* (left side, 5 bivalents at metaphase 1); and *A. blepharophylla* (5 bivalents and 3 centric fragments, at diakinesis)

REFERENCE

Nesom, G.L., L.A. Voroвік, and R.L. Hartman. 1990. The identity of *Aster blepharophylla* (Asteraceae: Astereae). Syst. Bot. 15:638–642.